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New updates for 2023-24:

- Grade 2 now allows the read aloud presentation. Secure TAPS must be followed.
- Extended testing over multiple days for WIDA ACCESS accommodations removed
- WIDA ACCESS recording/transcription accommodation requires UAR
- Calculator policy appendix was updated as Regression was removed as a prohibited feature in 6-8.
- Calculator Guidance in Appendix B updated to include Desmos.
- MSAA accommodations and references removed.
- Grades 6 and above and ACT -there should be a documented need if the student is requesting paper (i.e. incarceration, epilepsy with light sensitivity, etc). Must be approved by the district level.
- With a read aloud accommodation, the test materials should be real aloud once. Only small sections can be repeated at student request.
- Rest and break added to injury accommodations.
- Grade 2, ELA times and subparts changed.
- Oral Presentation added to allowable accommodation chart
- References to timed fluency in grade 2 removed
- Updated accommodation codes in appendix C for the ELPA to match updated WIDA ACCESS
Section 1: Introduction

All students have the right to meaningful access and opportunities for participation in instruction. The strategies, accessibility, and accommodations used during instruction need to also be available to the greatest extent possible for assessments. This manual provides information related to universal administration conditions, accessibility features, and accommodations to ensure access to

- Achievement grades 3-8,
- End of course (EOC),
- Grade 2,
- Tennessee Comprehensive Assessment Program Alternate (TCAP-Alt), including Dynamic Learning Maps (DLM)
- English Language Proficiency Assessment,
- Alternate (Alt) English Language Proficiency Assessment,
- ACT, and
- National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) assessments.

Grade 2 and grades 3-5 are paper based tests. Grades 6 and above are computer based and online. If an online student is requesting a paper test, there should be a documented need for paper (i.e. incarceration, epilepsy with light sensitivity, etc.).

The first section provides general information about the TCAP assessment system. It includes an explanation of the accessibility features and accommodations available for students in the paper-based testing (PBT) or computer-based testing (CBT) process. It also includes an explanation of the accessibility features and accommodations available for students testing in the computer-based testing platforms of DLM for the Alternate Assessment and WIDA ACCESS for English Learners. The second section describes considerations for teams to use when developing the individualized educational program (IEP), individualized learning plan (ILP) and/or Section 504 plan for students.

Intended Audience

This resource is intended to guide 504, ILP, and IEP teams in decision-making regarding state assessment accessibility and accommodations. Parents/guardians are critical members of the team as well as the student. Please ensure they are adequately informed of the options for accessibility and accommodation. For the purposes of this guide, the following definitions are used:

- Students with disabilities (SWDs) are students who are eligible to receive services identified through the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) or Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act (Section 504).
- English learners (ELs) are non-English language background students who qualify for English as a second language (ESL) services via a department-approved English language proficiency screener.
**Tennessee’s Statewide Student Assessments**

The Tennessee Comprehensive Assessment Program (TCAP) includes assessments in mathematics, English language arts, social studies, and science, as well as alternate assessments for eligible students with the most significant cognitive disabilities.

Students who are classified as ELs will also participate in the English Language Proficiency Assessment, which is currently provided by WIDA ACCESS for ELs and WIDA Alt ACCESS for ELs.

Inclusion of all students in large-scale assessments and grade-level standards is mandated by both federal and state law. See 20 U.S.C. § 6311(b)(2). Certain accessibility supports and/or accommodations are provided for students who need them during instruction and assessments to support access to grade-level content. To ensure this goal of access is met, educators must be familiar with standards and accountability systems at the state and district levels.

For additional information regarding the Tennessee assessment system, including the Alternate Assessment and the English Language Proficiency Assessment, please visit the department’s [website](#) or [LiveBinders](#).
Section 2: Universal Test Administration Conditions

Test administration manuals address the need to provide students with an appropriate testing location that is comfortable and free from distractions. Test administration conditions are specific testing situations and conditions that may be offered to any student in order to provide a comfortable and distraction free testing environment.

Universal test administration conditions for TCAP are available to any student who needs them and are not considered test accommodations. A student’s IEP, 504 plan, or ILP (Individualized Learning Plan) for English Learners may include them as an accommodation during instruction and classroom assessments; however, it is not required to be addressed in the IEP, 504 plan, or ILP in order to receive as an accommodation on state assessments.

**Universal test administration conditions for any student includes:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grouping</th>
<th>Preferences</th>
<th>Accessibility</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>small group</td>
<td>familiar test administrator</td>
<td>vision aids/magnification</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>one-on-one</td>
<td>seated at special furniture</td>
<td>special lighting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>study carrel</td>
<td>seating in specific location</td>
<td>hearing aids/amplification</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>separate location</td>
<td>reading test quietly to self where no one else can hear</td>
<td>noise buffers after directions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>having directions repeated</td>
<td>using a placeholder</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>special pencil or pencil grip</td>
<td>signing the scripted directions</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Section 3: Accessibility Features

Accessibility features for TCAP are available to any student with an identified need. A student's IEP, 504 plan, or ILP may include these as an accommodation during instruction and classroom assessments; however, it is not required to be addressed in the IEP, 504 plan, or ILP in order to receive as an accessibility feature on state assessments. A student should only use a test accessibility feature option that they typically need and use during daily instruction and assessment. It is recommended that a consistent process be used to determine these support(s) for individual students.

If requested by a parent or student, a test administrator (TA) may allow a student an additional optional time period (calculated by the department), to ensure students are able to finish the assessments completely. See T.C.A. § 49-6-6015(b). The required times represent testing time appropriate for 95% of students. TAs may add the optional additional time, up to the amount listed in parenthesis, as requested while adhering to all test security measures and test procedures. Additional time allowed pursuant to T.C.A. § 49-6-6015(b) does not supersede a Local Education Agency (LEA) or public charter school's obligation to comply with the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. § 1400 et seq.), or Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act (29 U.S.C. § 794). See T.C.A. § 49-6-6015(c). Additional time requested, therefore, should NOT take the place of extra time accommodations outlined in a student's individualized education program (IEP), individualized learning plan (ILP), and/or Section 504 plan.

The amount of additional time if requested by a parent or a student is outlined in the Test Administrator Manual.

Table 1: Accessibility Tools

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Accessibility Tool</th>
<th>Administrative Guidelines</th>
<th>Additional Considerations for Use</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Highlighter</td>
<td>Before testing: Test administrator provides student with highlighter(s).</td>
<td>Students may use a highlighter to highlight text in a passage or item in their test book as needed to recall and/or emphasize. Highlighters must not interfere in tracking marks or answer selecting area.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Straight Edge Line Reader/Mask Tool</td>
<td>Before testing: Test administrator ensures the student has direct access to a blank straight edge or blank masking card or turns on the accessibility feature in the testing platform.</td>
<td>Allows students to track the line being read. Students are able to focus their attention on a specific piece of text at a time. This may be a note card, ruler, etc., as issued during daily instruction. The student may cover or uncover answer options and/or text with blank masking cards as needed. The masking tool is recommended for students who have attention difficulties. It may also be needed by students with print disabilities or visual impairments. Students may need to mask content not immediately needed which may be distracting.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Accessibility Tool</strong></td>
<td><strong>Administrative Guidelines</strong></td>
<td><strong>Additional Considerations for Use</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Auditory Aids</strong></td>
<td>Before testing: Test administrator ensures student's access to necessary auditory aid. During testing: The student uses amplification device assistive technology (e.g., FM System), noise buffers, or white noise machine provided by the student or by the school.</td>
<td>The student should continue to use the same auditory aides during assessment as required during daily instruction. Music is not permitted to be played during the assessment. If headphones are used only as noise buffers, they should not be plugged into a device.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Color Overlay</strong></td>
<td>Before testing: Test administrator provides student with access to colored overlays or turns on the accessibility feature in the testing platform.</td>
<td>Students will use the same color overlay and or color contrast during assessment as are required in daily instruction. Students with attention difficulties may need this support for viewing test content. It also may be needed by some students with visual impairments or other print disabilities.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Place Marker</strong></td>
<td>Before testing: Test administrator provides student with place marker (e.g., post-it note or plain bookmark)</td>
<td>The student may use place marker to “bookmark” items to review later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Eliminate Answer Choices</strong></td>
<td>During testing: The student may use removable markers within the test booklet (e.g., small strips of paper) to help them track answers they have eliminated.</td>
<td>Please do not make any stray marks on the answer document as that may conflict with accurate scoring.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>General Administration Directions Read Aloud and Clarified and/or Repeated as Needed</strong></td>
<td>During testing: The test administrator reads aloud the general administration directions only per the test administration manual. A student may raise his or her hand and request the directions be repeated.</td>
<td>A student may raise his or her hand and request the directions be repeated. The test administrator may clarify directions upon request. No passages or items may be clarified.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Magnification/Enlargement Device</strong></td>
<td>Before testing: The test administrator provides the student with magnification/enlargement</td>
<td>The student uses an external magnification or enlargement device to increase the font or graphic size (e.g., projector, CCTV, eye-glass, mounted or hand-held magnifier, electronic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accessibility Tool</td>
<td>Administrative Guidelines</td>
<td>Additional Considerations for Use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>device. If computer-based testing, the test administrator should ensure it is preset.</td>
<td>magnification system, etc.). The student should use the same type of magnification equipment during assessment as is used daily.</td>
<td>Redirect Student to the test. During Testing: The test administrator redirects the student's attention to the test without coaching or assisting the student in any way. The student should use the same type of magnification equipment during assessment as is used daily. There is no limit to the number of times a test administrator can redirect a student back to the test. Examples: providing reminders to stay on task and focused during the assessments; providing a visual cue to the student to remain on task.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student Reads Assessment Aloud Self.</td>
<td>Before Testing: Test Administrator ensures student's testing environment is conducive to read aloud to self.</td>
<td>During Testing: The student reads aloud the assessment to self in a manner which will not be overheard by other students</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Section 4: Accommodations

Accommodations address how the student will participate. They do not alter or change what the student is expected to know or what content is assessed. TCAP EOC and grades 6-8 are tested online. There must be a documented need for paper (i.e. incarceration, medical condition, etc.). Paper EOC and achievement option must be approved through your district. DTC should document the approvals locally. This does not apply to braille or large print.

Accommodations

- reduce or decrease barriers to access or participation,
- maintain the intent of rigor of the task,
- ensure the assessment allows students to demonstrate their true mastery level,
- are available to students if listed in their IEP, 504 plan, or ILP; and
- are designed to provide access to students, not ensure proficiency.

Allowable accommodations for state testing are listed in Table 2.

Table 2: Allowable Accommodations for State Testing

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Accommodations</th>
<th>Administrative Guidelines</th>
<th>Additional Considerations for Use</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Adult Transcription    | **Note:** Modes of testing cannot be mixed. A student’s answers must be submitted all on paper or all online.  
  **Scribing:** Before testing: An adult is secured for the testing session. The test administrator who is scribing must be a licensed employee of the school district.  
  **Transcribing:** Before, during, or after testing: Two adults are secured. The test administrator who is transcribing must be a licensed employee of the school district.  
  | **Scribing:** A student reads each item from the screen or test booklet and the dictates the response to an adult. Dictation can be given orally, on paper, or with assistive technology. The adult then marks the student’s answer directly on the test. The adult may assume appropriate spelling for written responses, but the student must indicate correct capitalization, grammar and punctuation.  
  Students should be given the opportunity to review and edit any responses entered by adult during scribing. |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Accommodations</th>
<th>Administrative Guidelines</th>
<th>Additional Considerations for Use</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Transcribing:</strong> An adult marks selected response items on the paper-based answer document. An adult transfers student responses produced using Assistive Technology onto the paper-based answer document.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>All student responses must be transcribed verbatim. Two adults must be present during the transcription.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Once the transcription is complete, any copies must be shredded or deleted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assistive Technology</td>
<td>Before testing: Test administrator ensures the student has access to the necessary assistive technology device (e.g., computer, braille writer, etc.).</td>
<td>This accommodation requires adult transcription. Two adults must be present and must transfer the student’s responses exactly as written to the paper-based answer document.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>The use of assistive technology, including Braille writer, for the writing response and/or other open response items is allowed on the TCAP assessments.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Internet access, spell check, grammar check, and word prediction ahead functions must be turned off.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Braille or Large Print</td>
<td>Before testing: Test administrator ensures that a braille kit or large print test has been ordered for the student.</td>
<td>Braille testing must be addressed in the student's IEP. Students may mark responses directly in the test. The Braille kit comes with transcription instructions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accommodations</td>
<td>Administrative Guidelines</td>
<td>Additional Considerations for Use</td>
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<tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extended Time</td>
<td>Extended time is defined as up to double time and may not extend beyond one school day.</td>
<td>Provides additional time for a student to complete the assessment beyond the time allotted for the test or subpart.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visual Representations for Math</td>
<td>Before testing: Test administrator ensures the student has access to the necessary manipulatives for testing (e.g., abacus, cubes, tiles, rods, or blocks). This <strong>would not</strong> include things such as multiplication charts/tables, number lines etc. typically used by students with math deficits who are not visually impaired.</td>
<td>This accommodation is only applicable for students with a visual impairment and may not be used on the non-calculator sections of the assessment. This tactile representation accommodation may be used in place of scratch paper for students who typically use an abacus or other manipulatives.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rest or Break</td>
<td>Rest or break needed due to fatigue, behavior plan, sensory needs, and/or health related needs.</td>
<td>This accommodation is not to be confused with a break provided for all students such as a stand and stretch break or break between subparts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oral Presentation (Read Aloud)</td>
<td>Before testing: Test administrator ensures only students who receive this accommodation are included in the oral presentation group and adheres to the directions for test administration.</td>
<td>Provides an oral presentation of directions, test items, and answer options on the assessments for students. To ensure test fidelity and in consideration of timing, test material shall be read aloud once. The exception is rereading small sections on student request. Refer to the Oral Accommodations Considerations when deciding whether this accommodation is needed for a student.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Accommodations | Administrative Guidelines | Additional Considerations for Use
--- | --- | ---
Word-to-Word Dictionary | Before testing: Test administrator ensures student has access to a bilingual published, paper dictionary. | Provides a bilingual published, paper dictionary for the student to use during testing. This should be the same type of dictionary used by the student for daily instruction.

T.C.A. § 49-6-6001(j) states:

“A student whose individualized education program (IEP) or section 504 plan under the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. § 701 et seq.) allows for testing accommodations shall be allowed to use the same testing accommodations while taking an assessment under the Tennessee comprehensive assessment program (TCAP) or an end-of-course.”

Unique Accommodation Request

If a student with a disability and/or an EL requires an accommodation that is not listed in their IEP, 504 plan, or English Learner ILP, and it does not change the construct being measured by the test, the school may request approval for use of the unique accommodation by completing the form (here).

The unique accommodation request form must be submitted at least six weeks prior to testing. If there is an emergency, please contact Nancy Williams at Nancy.E.Williams@tn.gov for assistance. A copy of the form must be kept in the student's records and, if appropriate, retained at the district office.

Accommodations by Assessment

The chart below organized by assessment must be followed when determining appropriate accommodations. If an accommodation is not on the approved list per the assessment, the team may follow the unique accommodation request process. An “x” indicates allowable accommodations for a student with a disability and/or an active EL served under an IEP, 504, or ILP plan. EL students who are no longer active (L or W) receive accommodations through an IEP or 504 plan.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Allowable Accommodations for Grades 3-8 and EOC</th>
<th>ELA IEP/504</th>
<th>ILP for ELs</th>
<th>Social Studies IEP/504</th>
<th>ILP for ELs</th>
<th>Math IEP/504</th>
<th>ILP for ELs</th>
<th>Science IEP/504</th>
<th>ILP for ELs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Adult Transcription</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td></td>
<td>x</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Oral Presentation</td>
<td>x x x x x x x x x</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Assistive Technology</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td></td>
<td>x</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Braille or Large Print</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
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<td>x</td>
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<tr>
<td>Extended Time</td>
<td>x x x x x x x x x</td>
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<tr>
<td>Visual Representations for Math</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>x</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Rest/Breaks</td>
<td>x x x x x x x x x</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unique Accommodation Request</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td></td>
<td>x</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Word-to-Word Dictionary</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td></td>
<td>x</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Calculator Policy**

The Calculator Policy is based on two concepts:

- Therefore, at all grade levels and in all courses, the math assessment will include both calculator-permitted subparts and calculator-prohibited subparts.
- There will be one calculator-prohibited subpart and two calculator-permitted subparts at all grade levels.
- Information on the rationale, administration guidelines, and calculator types can be found in the TCAP Calculator Guidance document located in appendix B.

**Oral/Signing Presentation Accommodation Considerations**

Oral presentation (read aloud, Text to Speech, or signing) is an accommodation available to students with an IEP, 504 plan, or English Learner ILP if the IEP, 504 or ILP team determines that oral or signing presentation is required for the student to access the assessment.

Students who communicate with sign language may have a human signer as an accommodation. The human signer will read the assessment using the conventions of the student’s sign language (e.g., American Sign Language (ASL)).

The following questions should be used by the IEP, 504, or ILP team to help determine if a student's disability and/or limited English proficiency is significant enough to warrant oral presentation. For a student with a visual impairment, the IEP team must consider the impact of the visual impairment on the student's ability to access printed text. Questions a team may want to consider in discussions determining oral presentation include:

- Does the student have a documented decoding or fluency deficit which precludes access to printed text?
- For students with an IEP, does the student have a goal to address the deficit listed in the present level of educational performance?
- Is the student engaged in intensive intervention through their IEP, 504, or ILP to address the specific deficit?
- For students identified as active EL, does the student show limited reading ability in English?

NOTE: EL students who score a 4, 5, or 6 on the reading portion of WIDA ACCESS for ELs from the prior testing year should be considered reading at grade level; therefore, a read aloud accommodation should not be necessary.
Section 5: Making Decisions about Statewide Assessment Accommodations

The following guidelines are recommended for making decisions about accommodation for statewide assessments:

Accommodations should facilitate an accurate demonstration of what the student knows or can do.

Accommodations should not provide the student with an unfair advantage or interfere with the validity of a test; accommodations must not change the underlying skills that are being measured by the test.

Accommodations must be the same or nearly the same as those needed and used by the student in completing classroom instruction and assessment activities.

Accommodations must be necessary for enabling the student to demonstrate knowledge, ability, skill, or mastery.
**Accommodations for Students with an Injury**

Students with an injury (e.g., broken arm or hand) may use any of the following accommodations if their IEP or 504 team determines that the injury makes it difficult to participate in an assessment. Any injury-related accommodations must be documented in the IEP or 504 plan. The accommodations available for consideration are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Accommodation</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **Adult Transcription** | **Scribing:** A student reads each item from the screen or test booklet and the dictates the response to an adult. Dictation can be given orally, on paper, or with assistive technology. The adult then marks the student's answer directly on the test. The adult may assume appropriate spelling for written responses, but the student must indicate correct capitalization, grammar and punctuation.  
Students should be given the opportunity to review and edit any responses entered by adult during scribing. The teacher scribing must be a licensed employee of the school district.  
**Transcribing:** An adult marks selected response items on the paper-based answer document. Student answers can provided orally, using gestures, or an adult transfers student responses produced using Assistive Technology onto the paper-based answer document.  
All student responses must be transcribed verbatim. Two adults must be present during the transcription. The teacher transcribing must be a licensed employee of the school district.  
Once the transcription is complete, any copies must be shredded or deleted. |
| **Assistive Technology** | Assistive technologies can be used for written response items. Internet access, spell check, grammar check, and word prediction functions must be turned off.  
This accommodation requires adult transcription. |
<p>| <strong>Extended Time</strong>     | Extended Time can be used when a student needs extended time. If extended time goes beyond double time, a unique accommodation request must be submitted. No subpart may be extended beyond a single school day and all security protocols must be followed. |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Accommodation</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rest or Break</td>
<td>Rest or break needed due to fatigue, behavior plan, sensory needs, and/or health related needs. Test security must be maintained during all rests/breaks.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Temporary Impairments**

A student is eligible for a 504 plan if their 504 team determines that the student has a physical or mental impairment which substantially limits one or more major life activities. Some impairments are temporary in nature, meaning expected to last for six months or less. Major life activities include, but are not limited to, reading, writing, concentrating, seeing, hearing, breathing, or thinking. If a student has an injury that necessitates a testing accommodation, the district should follow its local 504 policies and procedures, evaluate the student, and draft a 504 plan if the student is found eligible. More information can be found here.

**Procedures for Assessing Students Who are Blind, Deaf, or Deaf/Blind**

Students who are blind, deaf, or deaf/blind are assigned to the test form with items that reduce barriers for vision and hearing. Additional test administration procedures are also provided to the test administrator and include:

- Alternative text to be read to a student who has vision impairment. For example, for an item that includes a bar chart, a verbal description of the bar chart is embedded in the item for a student who has difficulty seeing the bar chart
- Guidelines for administering items and suggestions for developing tactile symbols, using object replacements, and providing sign language interpretation

A student is assigned to this test form if the student has one or more of the following conditions:

- Low vision; uses vision for some activities of daily living
- No functional use of vision for activities of daily living, or unable to determine functional use of vision
- Hearing loss aided, but still with no significant loss
- Profound hearing loss, even with aids; and/or undetermined functional use of hearing
- Uses braille (contracted or uncontracted)
Section 6: ACT Accessibility & Accommodations

ACT is a nationally normed assessment that may be used to satisfy both students’ graduation requirement and district accountability measures. This section only refers to the state ACT windows.

Qualifying students may take the ACT with accommodations. ACT is tested online. There must be a documented need for paper (i.e. incarceration, medical condition, etc.). Paper ACT option must be approved through your district and then request submitted to the department for final approval. In order for a student to receive a college-reportable ACT score, accommodations must be submitted to ACT according to the deadline in the Schedule of Events for spring or fall testing which is posted to the ACT state testing landing page. Accommodations requests must be supported by documentation. There should be a documented need if the student is requesting paper (i.e. incarceration, epilepsy with light sensitivity, etc).

Not all accommodations that are listed on a student’s IEP for TCAP assessments may be applicable for use on the ACT. In these cases, it is recommended that students take the ACT using only ACT-approved accommodations. Using non-ACT approved accommodations will result in a student receiving a non-college reportable score.

Non-college reportable scores may satisfy a student’s graduation requirement for a regular diploma but will count against school and district participation rates.

For more information on the ACT Test Accessibility & Accommodations User Guide click here.
Section 7: NAEP Accessibility & Accommodations

The National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) is a nationally normed assessment of reading, math, science, and other subjects for 4th, 8th, and 12th graders. NAEP is a no-stakes assessment for students, teachers, schools, and districts (other than Shelby County, which participates in NAEP as an urban district). Only state and national data are released. Students with disabilities or those receiving EL supports must be included at a minimum participation rate of 85%. This means that a school must ensure that 85% of each population in the tested grade participates in the NAEP assessment. States that fail to meet inclusion rates are identified in NAEP reporting.

NAEP may be taken with or without accommodations. In order for students to receive accommodations on NAEP, they must be currently receiving the documented accommodations for state assessments. School coordinators must enter requests for accommodations in the My NAEP system according to the deadlines for each assessment.

Not all accommodations that are approved for use by a student's IEP, 504 plan, or ILP on state assessments may be applicable for use on NAEP. For example, NAEP does not allow read-aloud accommodation on reading tests, even if students receive this accommodation for Tennessee's ELA test. In these cases, students should be allowed to participate in NAEP without the accommodation.

Several accommodations provided on the Tennessee assessments are not necessary for the NAEP assessments because they are available for all students through universal design elements. NAEP accommodations are only allowed for students with disabilities and English learners. More information about NAEP accommodations is available here.
Section 8: TCAP Alternate Assessments

All students have the right to meaningful access and opportunities for participation in instruction. The strategies, accessibility, and accommodations used during instruction need to also be available to the greatest extent possible for assessments.

The structures of alternate assessments are designed around the student's physical and/or cognitive disabilities in a way that allows them to answer test questions and participate in the test as independently as possible. For example, a variety of accommodations are built into the test design in order to accommodate each student's personal mode of communication (e.g., sign language, eye gaze, augmentative communication devices, etc.).

Participation in the alternate assessments should only be considered for those students who meet all three of the following criteria:

**Figure 1: Criteria for Alternate Assessments**

- **Criteria #1**
  - The student has a significant cognitive disability. Only students with the most significant cognitive ability should be considered for the alternate assessment.

- **Criteria #2**
  - The student is learning content linked to (derived from) state content standards.

- **Criteria #3**
  - The student requires extensive direct individualized instruction and substantial supports to achieve measurable gains in the grade- and age-appropriate curriculum.
TCAP Alt current grade levels, subject areas, and vendors.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade 2, ELA and Math</th>
<th>Vendor</th>
<th>Platform</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Grades 3-8 ELA and Math and High School ELA and Math</td>
<td>Dynamic Learning Maps (DLM)</td>
<td>KITE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grades 6-8 Social Studies</td>
<td>Pearson</td>
<td>PAN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grades 3-8 Science and Biology</td>
<td>Pearson</td>
<td>PAN</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Grades 3-8 ELA and Math and high school ELA and math: Dynamic Learning Maps (DLM) and Accessibility**

The DLM Alternate Assessment System assesses what students with the most significant cognitive disabilities know and can do in the DLM-assessed ELA and Math in grades 3-8 and high school. The DLM Alternate Assessment System provides accessibility by design and is guided by the core beliefs that all students are to have access to challenging grade-level content, and test administrators must adhere to the highest levels of integrity when providing instruction and administering assessments based on this challenging content.

The DLM Alternate Assessment System includes computer-based assessments and an administrative application to manage student information. The assessments can be administered on a variety of devices.

Customization for each student:
The First Contact survey and the Personal Needs and Preferences (PNP) Profile are records of data in Educator Portal about the student that is entered by the test administrator. The system uses the data from the First Contact survey and the PNP Profile to ensure the student is provided the most appropriate testing experience possible. The data is used to:
- Recommend or assign the complexity level for the testlets (e.g., linkage level)
- Customize the accessibility supports for the testlets (e.g., magnification)
- Assign the appropriate form for the testlets (e.g., braille)

Supports in the PNP Profile are listed under five tabs: Summary, Display Enhancements, Language & Braille, Audio & Environment Support, and Other Supports. Also, the student can use special devices such as alternate keyboards, touch screens, or switches to access the items.

After the appropriate supports are selected and saved, the test administrator may review them in the Summary tab. More information is available in the DLM Accessibility Manual.

**Grade 2 Alt ELA and Math, Grades 6-8 Social Studies Alt, Grades 3-8 and high school Biology Alt through Pearson:**

TN does not allow language translation of any portions of TCAP or TCAP-Alt.

The test can be administered in several sittings within the test window with students not needing to
complete the test at one time. There are no time limitations for each question or for the entire test.

Some of the assessment's accessibility features available for test administrators to provide or enable for students are:

- Answer masking
- Audio player
- Alternate color themes
- Increase size of text and graphics
- Increase volume
- Line reader tool
- Read aloud and reread item directions, response options, and passage

Accommodations are changes in the materials or procedures of the assessment that do not alter the construct being measured. A student may use the accommodations that are in the IEP that are consistent with the DLM accommodations policies. Refer to the DLM Assessment User Guide for Test Administrators for directions on how to enable student testing.

Individual listings of accommodations for the Alt assessment are not required in the IEP as they are a part of the alternate assessment design.
Test Administrators shall use the Directions for Test Administration (DTA) for all administration of the TCAP-Alt assessment in science and social studies. Questions and answer choices, unless specifically stated in the DTA, are read aloud to the students. The test can be administered in several sittings with students not needing to complete the test at one time. There are no time limitations for each question or for the entire test.

| Table 6: TCAP-Alt Allowable Accommodations for grade 2, Social Studies, and Science |
|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| **Accommodations**                           | **Considerations**                             |
| Assistive technology (AT) or assistive communication devices (AAC) | Electronic communication devices (e.g., cell phones, tablets, smart watches) are NOT allowed in the testing setting unless the device is used by the student on a daily basis as an augmentative assistive communication device (AAC) or assistive technology (AT). |
| Large Print                                   | Large print forms are not available            |
| Manipulatives and Adaptive Writing Materials  | For the TCAP-Alt assessment, students may be given manipulatives or tactile models as needed. They may also use adaptive writing materials, including a crayon or any other items the student uses on a daily basis to interact with instruction and to create an answer. |
| Visual Impairment                             | Some questions include specific teacher directions that are in a lighter shade of gray. These directions are shown in brackets in the DTA. Alternate text is also in brackets but will be italicized. The alternate text is in place of the art in question stems and answer choices. Alternate text should be read aloud to students with visual impairment, if needed. |
| Scribe/Transcription Selected-Response Items Writing Test Constructed-Response Items | The test administrator is allowed to write what the student dictates. If transcribing, two adults must be present during transcription. The test administrator is allowed to indicate a student's provided response. The scribe/transcriber must be a teacher with a TN teaching license. |
| Sign Language (e.g., ASL, PSE, SEE)           | Test administrators may provide sign language interpretation to a student. |
### Table 7: TCAP-Alt Allowable Accommodations/Accessibility Supports for ELA and Math grades 3-8 and high school

Accessibility supports Provided in the DLM Alternate Assessment: This section identifies the accessibility supports available for students taking the TCAP-Alt on the DLM/Kite platform. These supports can be utilized by selecting online supports via the Personal Needs and Preference (PNP) Profile, require additional support materials, or are provided by the test administrator outside the Kite system.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category 1: Settings in the PNP Profile that activate supports within Student Portal</th>
<th>Category 2: Settings in the PNP Profile that activate supports within Student Portal in addition to supports provided by the test administrator outside of Student Portal</th>
<th>Category 3: Settings in the PNP Profile that require support provided by the test administrator outside of Student Portal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Contrast color</td>
<td>Alternate Form-Visual Impairment</td>
<td>Human read aloud</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Invert color choice</td>
<td>Calculator</td>
<td>Partner-assisted scanning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magnification</td>
<td>Individualized manipulatives</td>
<td>Sign interpretation of text</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overlay color</td>
<td>Single-switch system (PNP Profile enabled)</td>
<td>Test administrator entering of student responses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spoken Audio</td>
<td>Two-Switch system</td>
<td>Note: TN does not allow language translation of text.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Uncontracted braille (UEB) for ELA with Nemeth Code for mathematics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: The use of physical prompting, including hand over hand, invalidates the results of the test of the student. The use of physical prompting is considered to be a modification or change to the Directions for Test Administration (DTA). Physical prompting is not permitted. It is considered to be an inappropriate test practice and a test irregularity.

Most students who use an accommodation as defined in the chart above required the accommodation/accessibility support on a daily basis. The vast majority of IEPs for students who participate in the alternate assessment will already include the accommodations as listed above. If alternate assessment is chosen, all possible testing accommodations do not have to be listed in the student's IEP.
Special Note Regarding Assistive Technology

Many students assessed on the alternate assessment require an assistive technology device to communicate. Students should continue to use the device during assessment unless it has a prohibited function. A variety of assistive technology devices may be used to respond to both selected response and open response item types on the assessment. An alternate keyboard, eye gaze, switch devices, speech-to-text, and other similar input devices are examples of compatible assistive technology devices.

Students who require assistive technology to respond to test items should have the assistive technology.
Section 9: Optional Grade 2 Assessment

For grade 2 students with an IEP, 504, or English Learner ILP, it is beneficial to understand the structure of the optional second grade ELA and math assessments. Both ELA and math are divided into subparts to ensure age-appropriate length of testing sessions. Both assessments have the teacher reading sections of the assessment aloud to all students. Test administrators should follow the Secure Test Administrator Proctor Scripts (TAPS) exactly. An IEP, 504, or English Learner ILP plan cannot provide an accommodation on a state assessment that would alter what is being tested. Follow the detailed administration directions in the accompanying Secure Read Aloud TAPS for students with a read aloud accommodation.

Table 7: 2023-24 TCAP Grade 2 Testing Times (Requested Time)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subpart</th>
<th>English Language Arts (ELA)</th>
<th>Total Time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Subpart 1</td>
<td>Section 1a: 13 minutes* (5 minutes)</td>
<td>56 minutes (76 minutes)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Section 1b: 15 minutes (5 minutes)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Section 1c: 13 minutes* (5 minutes)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Section 1d: 15 minutes (5 minutes)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subpart 2*</td>
<td>Section 2a: 25 minutes (5 minutes)</td>
<td>38 minutes (48 minutes)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Section 2b: 13 minutes (5 minutes)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subpart 3*</td>
<td>Section 3a: 25 minutes (5 minutes)</td>
<td>38 minutes (48 minutes)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Section 3b: 13 minutes (5 minutes)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subpart</td>
<td>Math</td>
<td>Total Time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subpart 1</td>
<td>Section 1a: 35 minutes (7 minutes)</td>
<td>60 minutes (72 minutes)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Section 1b: 25 minutes* (5 minutes)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subpart 2</td>
<td>Section 2a: 30 minutes (6 minutes)</td>
<td>40 minutes (51 minutes)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Section 2b: 10 minutes* (5 minutes)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*This portion of each subpart and section must not be read aloud to students. Students must work independently on these subparts and sections to maintain the structure, accurate measurement, and validity of the test.

According to Public Chapter 978 passed by the Tennessee 112th General Assembly, if requested by a parent or student, a test administrator (TA) may allow a student an additional optional time period (calculated above), to ensure students are able to finish the assessments completely. The required times posted above represent testing time appropriate for 95% of students. TAs may add the optional additional time, up to the amount listed in parenthesis, as requested while adhering to all test security measures and test procedures. Additional optional requested time allowed by PC978 does not supersede a Local Education Agency (LEA) or public charter school's obligation to comply with the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. § 1400 et seq.), or Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act (29 U.S.C. § 794).
Additional time requested, therefore, **should NOT** take the place of extra time accommodations outlined in a student's individual educational plan (IEP), individual learning plan (ILP), and/or Section 504 plan.

**Grade 2 Alternate Assessment**

Districts who choose to participate in the grade 2 optional assessment must also participate in the grade 2 Alt assessment during the annual administration window for TCAP-Alt. The grade 2 Alt test administration is the same as for the TCAP-Alt grades 3-11 administration for accessibility and accommodations. Refer to pages 23-24 for more information (TCAP-Alt Grades 3-11).
Section 10: English Language Proficiency Assessment (ELPA).

State and federal laws require that all English Learners (ELs) participate in annual English Language Program Assessments (ELPA). These annual tests measure ELs’ proficiency and progress in learning English in the language domains of listening, reading, speaking, and writing. No EL may be exempted from these tests, including ELs with disabilities.

The Individual with Disabilities Education Act requires that states provide appropriate accommodations where needed, in accordance with a student’s Individualized Education Program (IEP). See 20 U.S.C. § 1412(a)(16)(A). A student who has a 504 Plan, or who is covered under Title II of the ADA, may also be eligible to receive accommodations, as determined by their 504 team.

Testing a domain over multiple days is not allowed by Tennessee.

Prohibited accommodations on ELPA

- Bilingual word-to-word dictionaries
- A test administrator reading aloud any part of the Reading test
- Providing test items or test directions in a language other than English
- Allowing responses in a language other than English.

Allowable accommodations on ELPA

Table 8: Allowed ELPA Accommodations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Administrative Considerations</th>
<th>Universal Tools</th>
<th>Accommodations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Timing/Scheduling</td>
<td>Audio aids</td>
<td>Braille</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Line guide/tracking</td>
<td>Extended Speaking test time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Environment</td>
<td>Color adjustments</td>
<td>Scribe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Low-vision aids</td>
<td>In-person human reader</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Content Presentation *</td>
<td>Highlighters</td>
<td>Interpreter signs (ASL)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Scratch paper</td>
<td>Large Print</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Item Responses</td>
<td>Keyboard navigation</td>
<td>Manual control of item audio</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Repeat item audio</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Recording device/transcription</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*The state of Tennessee is an online testing state.

For in depth guidance see the WIDA Accessibility and Accommodations Manual.
**Recommended Alternate ELPA for ELs Participation Criteria**

State and federal laws require that all English Learners (ELs) participate in annual English Language Program Assessments (ELPA) including ELs with a significant cognitive disability. IEP teams may use the following criteria to determine student eligibility for participation in Alternate ELPA:

- The student is classified as EL.
- The student has a significant cognitive disability and receives special education services.
- The student is or will be participating in his or her statewide alternate assessment.
- The student requires extensive direct individualized instruction and substantial supports to achieve measurable gains.
IEP, 504, and ILP teams, including parents, must engage in a thoughtful process that determines the necessary accommodations to facilitate the student’s access to grade-level instruction and full participation in state and district assessments. The purpose of this section is to guide team members in selecting appropriate accommodations. There is a tremendous variance among acceptable accommodations for specific assessments. Be sure to follow specific assessment guidance documents which will list acceptable accommodations.

Accommodations should be selected to provide access to instruction and assessment for students with disabilities and/or limited English proficiency. Access is the opportunity and ability for an individual to participate in the instruction, discussions, activities, products, and assessment provided to all students within a public school. Accommodations are provided to “level the playing field.” Without accommodations, students with disabilities and/or limited English proficiency may not be able to access grade-level instruction or participate fully on assessments.

None of the accommodations should, however, reduce learning expectations and should not give a false picture of what a student knows and can do. Reliance on accommodations should never replace appropriate and rigorous instruction in the content area.

**Accommodations are not designed to ensure proficiency.**

Informed decision-making regarding accommodations is critical for ensuring meaningful participation of students with disabilities and/or limited English proficiency in instruction and assessments. Ideally, accommodations should be the same or similar across classroom instruction, classroom tests, and state and district tests. However, it is important to note that some accommodations are only for use during instruction and cannot be used on state and district assessments. A student who is provided an accommodation during classroom instruction that is not allowed on a state test should be provided opportunities to practice without the use of that accommodation.

In order to make effective accommodations decisions, the IEP, 504, or ILP team should gather and review information about the student’s present level of academic performance, their functional performance in relation to the curriculum, and the supports the student requires during instruction and classroom assessment. Team meetings could include discussions about providing the student meaningful and accessible learning opportunities and identifying practices and approaches intended to help the student overcome learning obstacles during instruction and assessment.
State and Federal Law Regarding Assessment Accommodations

Federal and state law require students who attend public schools to participate in annual testing in specific academic areas and grades outlined in the law, including students with disabilities and/or limited English proficiency. See 20 U.S.C. § 6311(b)(2). Requiring the inclusion of all students with disabilities and/or limited English proficiency in state and district-wide assessments helps ensure that schools, school districts, and states are held accountable for the achievement of all students. These laws also require students with disabilities (those individuals covered under an IEP or 504 plan), as well as active (L or W) ELs with an ILP, to be provided with appropriate accommodations necessary to participate in these tests.

The use of accommodations which invalidate the intended learning outcome does not give an accurate measure of the student’s skills and could result in an invalidation of test scores which would count the student as non-proficient. All IEP, 504, and ILP team members need to be familiar with state policies and guidelines regarding the use of accommodations on state assessments.

Making sound decisions about testing accommodations requires all team members to know:

Selecting Accommodations

All students with disabilities (those with an active IEP or 504 plans) and active (L or W) ELs with an ILP are entitled to the appropriate accommodations that allow them to fully and meaningful participate in state and district testing, as determined by their IEP, 504, or ILP team. The student’s IEP, 504, or ILP team determine the accommodations for both instruction and assessments. Accommodations should be annually determined on the basis of the individual student's needs, not on the basis of disability category, grade level, or instructional setting. Once selected, accommodations should be used consistently for instruction and assessment. Each teacher and others responsible for the implementation of the accommodations must be informed of the accommodations that must be provided.
Determining necessary accommodations should be part of the development of each IEP, 504 plan or ILP. The following questions should be considered in the selection process:

- What are the student’s learning strengths and needs?
- How do the student's learning needs affect the achievement of the grade-level content standards?
- What specialized instruction does the student need to achieve the grade-level content standards?

Next, discuss and review the accommodations the student has already been using. Ask the following questions:

- What accommodations is the student regularly using in the classroom and on assessments?
- Has the student been willing to use the accommodation?
- What is the student's perception of how well an accommodation has provided access?
- What are the perceptions of the parents, teachers, and others about how the accommodations appear to have provided access?
- Have there been difficulties administering the necessary accommodations?

**The following are questions that IEP, 504, or ILP teams should ask about assessment accommodations:**

**Is the student using any accommodations during classroom instruction that will not be allowed when taking state or district-wide assessments?**

Because of the nature of certain accommodations, they are only allowed for instruction, not testing. A student who is provided an accommodation during classroom instruction that is not allowed on a state test should be provided the opportunities to practice without the use of that accommodation.

**Are the assessment accommodations selected allowed for the specific assessment?**

There is a tremendous variance among acceptable accommodations for specific assessments. Be sure to follow specific assessment guidance documents which will list acceptable accommodations.

**Does the student show a documented need for all selected accommodations?**

Research has shown that IEP or 504 Plan teams frequently select accommodations in a bundle, such as extended time and a different setting. However, the student might only need one of these accommodations. The IEP, 504, or ILP team has a responsibility to make sure the student is neither under nor over accommodated.

**Are all selected accommodations documented in the IEP, 504 plan, or ILP?**

The student’s active IEP, 504 plan, or ILP should contain documentation for all accommodations that have been selected, for both instruction and assessment. Once documented in the IEP, 504 plan, or ILP, accommodations must be provided. Implementation of accommodations is mandatory, not optional.
Does the student understand how to use the selected assessment accommodations?

_Students should have ample time to learn to use the accommodations available to them during assessment. Be sure the student is willing to use the accommodation and has used the accommodation consistently throughout the school year._

Does the school have an advance planning process to ensure the proper implementation of the testing accommodations chosen and documented in my child’s IEP, 504 plan, or ILP?

_Accommodations are only as effective as their proper implementation. Unfortunately, implementation of accommodations can become difficult on testing days when school employees are stretched. Advance planning for accommodations such as quiet space, readers, or accommodated forms is critical to the ethical administration of assessment accommodations._

**Evaluating Accommodations**

Evaluating how effective the accommodations are should be an ongoing process; only by closely reviewing the impact of an accommodation can improvements happen. IEP, 504, and ILP teams should determine accommodation needs annually.

The team should review:

- each accommodation and the results of tests when the accommodation was used;
- student’s perspective of how well each accommodation is working;
- effective combinations of accommodations; and
- perceptions of teachers, paraprofessionals, and other specialists about how the accommodations appear to be working.

Finally, the team should ensure that accommodations do not lead to inappropriate testing practices such as:

- coaching students during testing;
- editing student work
- allowing a student to answer fewer questions or reduce the number of responses required
- giving clues to test answers in any way; and/or
- changing the content by paraphrasing or offering additional information.

For additional guidance in developing appropriate IEPs, please refer to the _Special Education Framework_.

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Appendix A: Oral Presentation Guidance Document

Oral presentation is an accommodation available to students with an IEP, 504 plan, or English Learner ILP, if the IEP, 504 or ILP team determines that oral presentation is required for the student to access the assessment. As a reminder, students should be familiar with the accommodations prior to assessment and typically require the same accommodations to access daily instruction.

Eligibility guidance and qualifying criteria for oral presentation on state assessments can be found in the manual. This guidance does not address all possible test questions, so test administrators are allowed to generalize from these guidelines when reading aloud other types of test questions. Please note that students receiving the oral presentation accommodation should be tested in an area separate from students that are not eligible for the accommodation.

Guidance for Mathematics

Abbreviations
- Most abbreviations may be read aloud as the word or words they represent.
- Initialisms and acronyms may be read aloud as letters or words according to customary usage.

Algebraic Expressions/Equations
- Variables may be read aloud as the letter not as the word it represents. Example: \(d=2r\) should be read as “\(d\)” equal “2” “\(r\)”, not as diameter equal two times the radius.

Other Equations
- May be read aloud in the same way they are read in the classroom.

Geometric Symbols
- May be read aloud the same way they are read in the classroom.

Graphics
- Words and numbers in graphics may be read aloud.

Numerical Expressions
- Numbers 0-99 may be read as the number, numbers over 100 should be read as individual digits.

Decimals
- Decimals in numbers may be read aloud as “point”.

Degrees
- Read ° symbol aloud as degrees.

Exponents
- Exponents to the second or third power may be read aloud as “squared” or “cubed”. Exponents greater than 3, should be read as “to the nth power”.

Fractions
- May be read as “[Expression] over [Expression].

Functional Expressions
- May be read aloud as “f of ”.

Money
- May be read aloud in terms of appropriate denominations.

Ordered Pairs
- Coordinates may be read aloud as individual numbers without parentheses or comma.

Parentheses and Brackets
- May not be read aloud.
Ratios
- Ratio symbol (:) may be read as “to”.

Subscripts
- May be read aloud as numbers when used with variables.
  - Example: H2O should be read as “H 2 O”

Symbols
- May be read as the word or words they commonly represent
- Do not read <, >, or equal; replace with “symbol”

**Guidance for English/Language Arts**

Abbreviations
- Abbreviations may be read aloud as the word or words they represent.
- Initialisms and acronyms may be read aloud as letters or words according to customary usage.

Numbers
- May be read aloud as they are in the classroom.

Graphics
- Words and numbers may be read aloud.
- Do NOT describe any part of the graphic that may interpret information for students.
- For students with a visual impairment, you may read the provided alternate text.

Verbatim Text
- Read the text as it appears in passages and questions verbatim.
- Do NOT give emphasis for italicized text.
- Emphasis may be given to boldface words.
- Move from top to bottom, left to right.

**Guidance for Social Studies**

Abbreviations
- Abbreviations may be read aloud as the word or words they represent.
- Initialisms and acronyms may be read aloud as letters or words according to customary usage.

Dates
- B.C. or A.D. or similar designation may be read as letters.
- Read as phrases.

Dashes
- May be read as “to” or “through”.

Decimals
- May be read as point.

Graphics
- Words and numbers may be read aloud.
- Do NOT describe any part of the graphic that may interpret information for students.
- Move from top to bottom, left to right.

Percentages
- Read % symbol as percent.

Roman Numerals
- Read as the number they represent.
Text Boxes
• Read aloud in its entirety, including the attribute line.

**Guidelines for Science**

Abbreviations
• Abbreviations may be read aloud as the word or words they represent.
• Initialisms and acronyms may be read aloud as letters or words according to customary usage.

Equations and Scientific Expressions
• Equations, formulas, and scientific expression may be read as they are read in the classroom.

Capital and Lowercase Letters
• No emphasis needed when reading chemical formulas.
• Make distinction when reading genotypes.

Graphics
• Words and numbers may be read aloud.
• Do NOT read any information that may interpret information for students.
• Move from top to bottom, left to right.

Numerical Expressions

Dashes
• Read as “to” or “through” depending on context.

Dates
• Read as phrases not individual digits.

Decimals
• Read aloud as “point”.

Degrees
• Read ° symbol aloud as degrees.

Exponents
• Exponents to the second or third power may be read aloud as “squared” or “cubed”. Exponents greater than 3, should be read as “to the nth power”.

Percentages
• Read the % symbol as percent.

Roman Numerals
• Read aloud as the number they represent.
Appendix B: TCAP Calculator Guidance for Grade 3-EOC

The TCAP Calculator Policy is based on two concepts:

- Calculators are important tools and, in order to be ready for career and college, students need to understand how to use calculators effectively.
- In order to demonstrate mastery of the mathematics standards, students must demonstrate many skills without reliance on calculators.

Therefore, at all grade levels and in all courses, the math assessment will include both calculator-permitted subparts and calculator-prohibited subparts.

- There will be one calculator-prohibited subpart and two calculator-permitted subparts at all grade levels.
- Information on the types of questions on the calculator-prohibited section of TCAP can be found here.

Rationale

Calculator functionalities should align with the mathematics in each grade band.

In grades 3-5 mathematics, our state standards focus on solidifying a student’s computational fluency with whole numbers. Students are also developing an understanding of fractions and beginning the process of developing computational fluency with fractions. Students should not have calculator functionalities available to them for concepts that are in the developmental stage. Students in grades 3-5 will be allowed a four-function calculator, which does not include any of the prohibited functionalities, such as fractions, on the calculator-permitted subparts.

In grades 6-8 mathematics, our state standards focus on solidifying a student’s computational fluency with rational numbers. Students are also developing an understanding of linear graphing. Students should not have calculator functionalities available to them for concepts that are in the developmental stage. Students in grades 6-8 will be allowed a four-function or scientific calculator, which does not include any of the prohibited functionalities, such as linear graphing, on the calculator-permitted subparts.

In high school mathematics, our state standards focus on solidifying a student’s ability to connect multiple representations for course-appropriate function types. Students are also developing an understanding of solving multiple types of algebraic equations. Students should not have calculator functionalities available to them for concepts that are in the developmental stage. Students in end-of-course (EOC) mathematics will be allowed a four-function, scientific, or graphing calculator, which does not include any of the prohibited functionalities, on the calculator-permitted subparts.

Students should have the opportunity to interact with technology and the opportunity to demonstrate critical thinking and problem solving with the aid of a calculator. However, in order to provide an equitable assessment experience for all Tennessee students, the type of calculator used by students should be consistent in functionality.
Test Administration Guidelines

- It is the responsibility of the test administrator to ensure the regulations outlined in this policy pertaining to calculator use are followed.
- All memory and user-entered programs and documents must be cleared or removed before and after the test.
- A student may use any grade band-specific permitted calculator on the calculator-permitted subparts.
- Students should have access to no more than one handheld calculator device for calculator-permitted subparts.
- For all Grade 6-8 assessments, students will have access to both the TI-30XS and Desmos Scientific Calculator embedded within the TestNav platform for both the operational assessment and the online practice test.
- For all EOC assessments, students will have access to both the TI-84 Plus, Desmos Graphing Calculator, and Desmos Matrix Calculator embedded within the TestNav platform for both the operational assessment and the online practice test.

Desmos Calculators

- Note that the Desmos calculators appearing in the TestNav platform are different from standard Desmos calculators freely available in App Stores and on the Desmos homepage (desmos.com). A list of these differences can be found here.
- Instructional videos to learn more about Desmos can be found here.
- Desmos Coaching Corner Webinars can be found here.
- A link to the Desmos Scientific Calculator for Grade 6-8 assessments can be found here.
- A link to the Desmos Graphing Calculator for EOC assessments can be found here.
- A link to the Desmos Matrix Calculator for EOC assessments can be found here.

Handheld Calculator Types

Below are guidelines of permitted and prohibited calculators and functionalities for each grade band. Please note that the guidelines for each grade band are in addition to those for all grades.

This is not an exhaustive list of calculator types, and students should be familiar with particular functions at the appropriate grade level.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>All Grades</th>
<th>Permitted</th>
<th>Prohibited</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Calculators</td>
<td>Casio HS 4 Basic Sharp ELSI Mate EL-2405A TI-108</td>
<td>Casio CFX-9970 HP-40G TI-89 TI-NSpire (CAS version)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functionalities</td>
<td>Addition Subtraction</td>
<td>Any calculator with CAS (computer algebra system) capabilities (including any program or application)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Calculator apps on a smart device (iPad, phone, etc.) are not allowed.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Calculators</th>
<th>Grades</th>
<th>Permitted</th>
<th>Prohibited</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Multiplication</td>
<td>3-5</td>
<td>Permitted</td>
<td>Prohibited</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Division</td>
<td>QWERTY keyboard</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Square root ((\sqrt{x}))</td>
<td>Cell phones, tablets, iPads, etc.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calculators</td>
<td>See All Grades</td>
<td>Casio FX260</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Sharp EL344RB</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TI-15</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TI-30XA</td>
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<tr>
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<td></td>
<td>TI-30IIS</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TI-34</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TI-84 plus family</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TI-NSpire (non-CAS) and TI-NSpire-CX (non-CAS)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functionalities</td>
<td>See All Grades</td>
<td>Fraction manipulation</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Fraction to decimal conversions/decimal to fraction conversions</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Square Key ((x^2) or (x^y))</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(\pi)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Graphing capability</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Data entry</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Matrices</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Regression</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Trigonometric functions (sine, cosine, tangent)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Logarithm (log and/or ln) and exponential functions ((a^x) and/or (e^x))</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calculators</td>
<td>6-8</td>
<td>Permitted</td>
<td>Prohibited</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TI-NSpire (non-CAS) and TI-NSpire- CX (non-CAS)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functionalities</td>
<td>Fraction manipulation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Square Key ((x^2) or (x^y))</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(\pi)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Trigonometric functions (sine, cosine, tangent)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Matrices</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EOC</td>
<td>Permitted</td>
<td>Prohibited</td>
<td>Graphing capability</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Matrices</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calculators</td>
<td>Casio FX260 Sharp EL344RB TI-15 TI-30XA TI-30IIS TI-34 TI-84 plus family TI-NSpire (non-CAS) and TI-NSpire-CX (non-CAS)</td>
<td>See All Grades</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functionalities</td>
<td>Fraction manipulation Graphing capability Data entry Square Key ($x^2$ or $x^3$) Pi ($\pi$) Trigonometric functions (sine, cosine, tangent) Matrices Regression</td>
<td>See All Grades</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Appendix C: ELPA Accommodations Checklist

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Accommodation</th>
<th>ELPA Domains</th>
<th>Key Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Student:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Recommended test administration (check state policy): Online? Paper?</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Grade:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Team Members:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>School:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Completed by:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Student ID:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Date:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Grade:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Recommended test administration (check state policy): Online? Paper?</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Team Members:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>School:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>District:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Completed by:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Accommodation</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Refer to the Accessibility and Accommodations Supplement for complete information.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Extended Speaking test response time (ES)</strong></td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td><strong>This feature provides twice the programmed time to complete. Must be pre-selected in AMS.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Extended Testing Time within the school day (ET)</strong></td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td><strong>Listening, Reading and Writing domains may have until the end of the school day. Speaking domain see ES.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Extended testing of a test domain over multiple days (EM) is not permitted in Tennessee.)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>In-Person human reader (IR)</strong></td>
<td>No</td>
<td><strong>The reader must read answer choice text exactly as it appears on screen. This is for non-readers.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Repeat in-person human reader (RP)</strong></td>
<td>No</td>
<td><strong>Option to repeat one time only. The reader must read text exactly as it appears on screen. This is for non-readers.</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**ELPA Domains:** Listening, Reading, Speaking, Writing
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Feature</th>
<th>Action</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Interpreter signs test directions in ASL (SD)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Directions refer to administration logistics, test directions and practice items provided prior to the first test item.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manual Control of Item Audio (MC)</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Allows the play button to be enabled by the student one time but cannot be paused or stopped. Must be pre-selected in AMS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repeat Item Audio (RA)</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Listening Audio may be repeated only one time. Speaking and Writing audio can be repeated multiple times. Must be pre-selected in AMS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scribed Response (SR)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>For students who are unable to write due to a disability. TA types student responses as the student dictates responses directly into the test platform.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student responds using a recording device, which is played back and transcribed by the student (RD)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Student uses a recording device to respond; and then the student transcribes the response into the test. This requires heightened test security and an UAR must be approved by the department before utilizing this accommodation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test may be administered by school personnel in non-school setting (NS)</td>
<td></td>
<td>For students who are enrolled but unable to attend school due to hospitalization or other extended absence during the testing window. Must be approved by SEA.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Word processor or similar keyboarding device to respond to test items (WD)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Responses must be transcribed verbatim onscreen as soon as possible after testing by TA.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Refer to the [Supplemental Guidance for the Identification and Assessment of English Learners with a Visual or Hearing Impairment](#) for more information.